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Michigan Deptartment of Treasury
496 (2-04)
Auditing Procedures Report

LOCAL AUDIT & FINANCE DIV.

ed under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Cal Government Type Township Township Village Other Village of Be	_{lame} ar Lake		County Maniste	ee	
City Township Village Other Village of Date	ite Accountant Report Submitted				
28/05 e have audited the financial statements of this local unit of governdance with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting and Local Units of Government in the statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in the statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in the statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in the statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in the statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in the statements of this local unit of government in the statements of this local unit of government in the statements of the Government in the statements of the Government in the statement in the stat	ernment and rendered a ng Standards Board (G in Michigan by the Michig	n opinion on fina ASB) and the (an Department o	ancial state <i>Jniform Re</i> of Treasury.	ments porting	prepared in Format for
e affirm that: We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Unit	ts of Government in Mich	igan as revised.			
We are certified public accountants registered to practice in M					
We are certified public accountaints regions have been disclosed for the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed for the following are commended to	sed in the financial staten	nents, including t	the notes, o	or in the	report of
at about the applicable box for each item below.					
Yes No 1. Certain component units/funds/agencies	of the local unit are exclu	ded from the fina	anciai state	ements	•
Yes No 2. There are accumulated deficits in one c 275 of 1980).					
Yes No 3. There are instances of non-compliance amended).					
Yes V No 4. The local unit has violated the condition requirements, or an order issued under the conditions of the condi	the Efficigency Maricipan				
Yes Vo 5. The local unit holds deposits/investmen as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 o	1 1902, as amended [MO	2 00			
Yes 📝 No 6. The local unit has been delinquent in dis	stributing tax revenues the	at were collected	for anothe	er taxin	g unit.
The local unit has violated the Constitution The local unit has vio	equirement, no contribution	ons are due (pai	d during the	e year).	
Yes No 8. The local unit uses credit cards and (MCL 129.241).					
Yes V No 9. The local unit has not adopted an inves	stment policy as required	by P.A. 196 of 1			
We have enclosed the following:		Enclosed	To Be Forward		Not Required
The letter of comments and recommendations.		✓			
Reports on individual federal financial assistance programs (pr	ogram audits).				√
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).					√
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)					
Daie L. Stanton, CPA Street Address	City Midland		State MI	ZIP 486	42
3278 E. Monroe Road Accountant Signature			Date 8/30/05		

VILLAGE OF BEAR LAKE

VILLAGE COUNCIL

Glen Moore President

Carol Urbanus Council Member

Vern Best Council Member

Robert Howe Council Member

Don Hyrns Council Member

Ricke Guerne Council Member

Ron Ronning Council Member

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Dale L. Stanton

Certified Public Accountant

To the Village Council Village of Bear Lake Bear Lake, Michigan

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Bear Lake, Manistee County, Michigan, as of February 28, 2005, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Bear Lake's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Bear Lake as of February 28, 2005, and the results of its operations for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule is not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Village of Bear Lake's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information listed in the table of contents is presented for purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material aspects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.



To the Village Council Village of Bear Lake Bear Lake, Michigan

As described in Note 12, the Village has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, and related statements as of March 1, 2004.

Dale L. Stanton

Certified Public Accountant

June 5, 2005

Village of Bear Lake Manistee County, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the year ended February 28, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management of the Village of Bear Lake, Michigan ("the Village") offers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2005 for the benefit of the readers of these financial statements. This management's discussion and analysis is intended to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues and to provide an overview of the Village's financial activity. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements as a whole, which can be found in this report.

Financial Highlights

Government-Wide

The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at the close of this fiscal year by \$697,200 (shown as *Net Assets*), representing a decrease of \$6,465 over the previous fiscal year. Governmental Funds represented \$16,710 of this decrease, while Business-Type activities accounted for an increase of \$10,245.

Fund Level Financial Highlights

As of February 28, 2005, the governmental funds of the Village of Bear Lake reported combined ending fund balances of \$196,142, of which \$196,142 is unreserved. The unreserved fund balance of the Village's General Fund increased this year to \$72,922.

Long-Term Debt

The Village of Bear Lake did not have any long-term debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Village of Bear Lake's financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements This report includes government-wide statements as required by GASB Statement Number 34. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide a broad overview of the Village's financial position. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are two financial statements that report information about the Village as a whole, and provide measurements of long-term trends. They are presented using a method of accounting that is similar to a private-sector business.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended February 28, 2005

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as the Net Assets of the Village. Over time increases or decreases in net assets can serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating. An increase in net assets would indicate an improvement in financial condition. On the other hand, a consistent decrease over time in net assets may indicate a decline in the financial health of an organization.

The Statement of Activities gives the information on the revenues and expenses causing the underlying change in the government's net assets during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash

Both of these statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or most of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, major and local streets, public works, culture and recreation. Business-type activities of the Village include water services.

Focus on Funds

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus has shifted, however, to Major Funds, rather than the previous focus on fund types. The Village's major Governmental Funds include the General Fund, Major Street Fund, Local Street Fund, Parks Fund, Building Fund, and the Equipment Replacement Fund. The major Proprietary Fund is the Water Fund. Presentation of major funds can be found later in this document.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Each fund is operated similar to a completely separate entity, with its own set of balancing accounts. The Village of Bear Lake uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. There are two basic types of funds: governmental funds, and the proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds Many of the Village's basic services are reported in the governmental funds. Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This is known as the modified accrual system of accounting. Under this reporting system, capital items, debt payments and certain other items are treated differently than on the government-wide statements. These items are recorded in the governmental fund statements on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance as an expenditure. No depreciation is recorded on capital items. The Balance Sheet for governmental funds does not include any capital items or long-term debt. Governmental funds for the Village include the General Fund as well as the Special Revenue Funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended February 28, 2005

Proprietary Fund The Proprietary fund accounts for services for which the Village charges its customers for the services they are provided. These charges can be to external customers or other agencies within the Village. The Village has one type of proprietary fund:

• Enterprise funds are used to report business-like activities of the Village. These activities intend to recover the full cost of the services through the fee charged to the customers. The Village has one enterprise fund, which is the Water Fund.

Component Units The Village does not have any component unit that is required to be included in this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the information provided in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report further presents Required Supplementary Information (RSI) that explains and supports the information presented in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

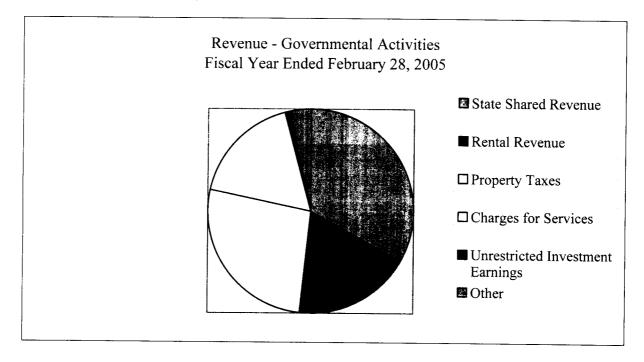
The Statement of Net Assets is the first statement in the Government-Wide Financial Statements section of this document. This statement is useful for providing an indicator of the Village's financial position over time. The Net Assets of the Village are \$697,200 at February 28, 2005, meaning that the Village's assets were greater than its liabilities by this amount. As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The most significant portion of the Village's Net Assets is the investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and others), less any related debt that is outstanding that the Village used to acquire or construct the asset. The Village has \$266,310 in unrestricted Net Assets. These assets represent resources that are available for appropriation, but are limited by Village policies regarding their use.

The total net assets of the Village decreased \$6,465 in this fiscal year, part of which was attributable to depreciation expense.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended February 28, 2005

The following chart details the revenue sources for the governmental activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2005:



The most significant portion of the revenue for all governmental activities of the Village of Bear Lake comes from State Revenue Sharing. This figure includes Michigan Transportation Fund (Act 51) money for the Major and Local Streets as well as State revenue for general government operations.

Property Taxes are a significant portion of the revenue for all governmental activities of the Village. The Village's operating millage in 2005 was 9.0252 mills. The Village's charter allows the Village to levy up to 12.5 mills for operations. Due to State statutes, the Village is currently at its maximum tax levy, and is unable to increase the millage without the approval of the voters.

State shared revenue is collected by the State of Michigan and distributed to local governments by formula allocation of portions of the State sales tax. In 2005, the amount of state shared revenue received by the Village once again trended downward, representing declining sales tax collections and discretionary reductions by the State in revenue sharing payments.

The Village's governmental activities expenses are dominated by the Public Works expenses that total 35.7% of total expenses. The Village spent \$70,829 in FY2004/2005 on Public Works. Expenses in the Major Street Fund (\$27,629) and Local Street Fund (\$24,879) represent a majority of the Public Works expenditures. General government represented another expense at \$94,129, or 47.5% of total expenses within the governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended February 28, 2005

Business-Type Activities

The Village's business-type activities accounted for an increase of \$10,245 in the Village's Net Assets for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2005. The Business-type activity of the Village is the Water Fund, which provides water utility services to Village residents as well as commercial

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental Activities At the completion of the Village's fiscal year ended February 28, 2005, its governmental funds reported fund balances of \$196,142. Of this amount, all is unreserved.

General Fund - The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Village. The General Fund increased its fund balance in this fiscal year by \$11,308, bringing the balance to \$72,922. All of the General Fund's major functions with the exception of Public Works and ended the year with expenditures below appropriated amounts. Property tax revenues in the General Fund decreased \$5,203 in 2005. State shared revenue decreased by \$1,413 from the amount received in the previous fiscal year, representing a 4.7% reduction which resulted from State actions in response

Major Street Fund - The Major Street Fund completed \$16,831 in street construction and improvements in this fiscal year. The fund balance of the Major Street Fund ended the year at \$18,483. This was a reduction of \$24,523 from the previous year. The Village used funds accumulated from previous years in order to complete this year's projects.

Local Street Fund - The Local Street Fund completed \$4,797 in street construction and improvements in this fiscal year. State grant funds provided \$8,158 for construction costs, or nearly 32.8% of total costs. The fund balance of this fund is at \$1,003.

Proprietary Funds The Village's proprietary funds provide virtually the same information as the government-wide statements; however more detail may be found in the fund financial statements.

Water Fund - The Water Fund ended this fiscal year with \$339,712 in unrestricted net assets. Charges for services yielded an overall increase in operating revenues of \$4,329, a 12.90% increase. This fund experienced an increase in interest income of \$55, from the previous fiscal year. The net assets of this fund increased by \$10,245 in 2005. This fund remains in sound fiscal

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended February 28, 2005

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Village's investment in capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities as of February 28, 2005 amounted to \$430,890 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets of the Village include any items purchased that cost in excess of \$1,000 and have an expected useful life of over one year. The Village has invested in a broad range of capital assets.

Additional information regarding the Village's capital assets can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Our financial status remained stable over the last year. Net assets at February 28, 2005, totaled \$357,488 for governmental activities. Overall total capital assets remained approximately the same.

Overall revenues were \$181,473 from governmental activities. Governmental activities had a \$16,710 decrease in net assets with no major road improvements.

We did not incur any new debt.

Contacting the Village's Finance Department

This financial report is designed to provide the wide variety of users of this document with a general overview of the Village's finances and demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money entrusted to it. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, please direct your requests to the Village of Bear Lake, P.O. Box 175, Bear Lake, MI 49614.

Manistee County, Michigan Statement of Net Assets February 28, 2005

		Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type					
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Ф. 40 - 2						
Receivables (Net)	\$ 187,250	\$ 74,407	\$ 261,65				
Prepaid Expenses	43,850	2,125	45,97				
Capital Assets - Net	4,231	-	4,23				
Capital Assets - Net	163,722	267,168	430,89				
Total Assets	399,053	343,700	742,753				
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	2,078	416					
Accrued and Other Liabilities	36,663	762	2,494				
Deferred Revenue	448	2,810	37,425				
Noncurrent Liabilities:	170	2,010	3,258				
Due in More than One Year	2,376		2,376				
Total Liabilities	41,565	3,988	45,553				
NET ASSETS							
Invested in Capital Assets							
Net of Related Debt	163,722	267.160	400				
Restricted for	103,722	267,168	430,890				
Public Programs	_						
Other Purposes	_	-	-				
Unrestricted	193,766	72,544	266,310				
Total Net Assets	\$ 357,488	\$ 339,712	\$ 697,200				

Statement of Activities For the Year Ending February 28, 2005 Manistee County, Michigan Village of Bear Lake

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) R	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	in Net Assets
			Operating	Capital	ď	Primary Government	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government							
Legislative	\$ 4,142	- - -	\$	· ←	\$ (4,142)	ı ∽	\$ (4,142)
General Government	94,129	44,731	ı	•	(49,398)	ŧ	(49,398)
Public Safety	1	1	ı	•	•	ı	1
Public Works	70,829	26,086	ı	1	(44,743)	1	(44,743)
Culture and Recreation	29,083	29,121	ı	•	38	ı	38
Total Governmental Activities	198,183	99,938	1	ı	(98,245)	1	(98,245)
Business-Type Activities	30 012	37,912	1,750	ı		9,650	9,650
Dusilless-type activity	20,00	117,510	22.61				
Total Primary Government	\$ 228,195	\$ 137,850	\$ 1,750	- \$	(98,245)	9,650	(88,595)
	General Revenues	nes					
	Unrestricted I	Unrestricted Investment Earnings	Sø		1,281	595	1,876
	Other Charges for Services	for Services	à		45.760	•	45,760
	Ctota Davania Charing	Sharing			28.946	•	28,946
	Miscellaneous	Sinding			5,548	•	5,548
	Transfers				-	t	1
	Total General R	Total General Revenues and Transfers	ısfers		81,535	595	82,130
	Change in Net Assets	Assets			(16,710)	10,245	(6,465)
	Net Assets - Beginning	ginning			374,198	329,467	703,665
	Net Assets - Ending	ding			\$ 357,488	\$ 339,712	\$ 697,200
		ò					

Village of Bear Lake Governmental Funds Balance Sheet February 28, 2005

	O	General	M	Major Street	Lo	Local Street		Park	Eq. Rep	Equipment Replacement	Д	Building	Gov	Total Governmental
ASSETS		r unu		rund		runa		Fund		rund		Fund		Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6∕ 9	35,931	\$	32,786	∨	11,976	↔	45,356	∽	5,544	S	55,657	S	187,250
Receivables - Net		448		•		•		ı				. 1		448
Due From Other Funds		28,223		•		4,969		1		•		•		33,192
Due From Other Governmental Units		10,210		•		ı		•		•		1		10,210
Prepaid Expenses		4,231		ı		1		,		•	i	ı		4,231
Total Assets	8	79,043	∽	32,786	↔	16,945	~	45,356	8	5,544	-	55,657	↔	235,331
LIABILITIES														
Accounts Payable	↔	2,078	\$	•	\$	•	↔		S		↔	•	↔	2,078
Accrued Liabilities		3,595		ı		1				•		•		3,595
Due To Other Funds		•		14,303		15,942		2,219		ı		604		33,068
Deferred Revenue		448		1		ı		1		,		•		448
Total Liabilities	8	6,121	↔	14,303	8	15,942	8	2,219	8	•	↔	604	€	39,189
FUND BALANCES														
Reserved	↔	1	∽	1	€	ı	↔		\$	ı	↔	ı	<	ı
Designated for														
Street Improvements		ı		18,483		1,003		ı		ı				19,486
Other Purposes		ı				•		43,137		5,544		55,053		103,734
Undesignated		72,922		- 1111111111111111111111111111111111111	ļ	-		1	}	1				72,922
Total Fund Balances	8	72,922	∽	18,483	∞	1,003	8	43,137	8	5,544	ss.	55,053	↔	196,142
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	∽	79,043	↔	32,786	↔	16,945	↔	45,356	∽	5,544	∽	55,657	∽	235.331
		E			·									

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets February 28, 2005

	Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 196,142
_	Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because: Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
-	Land and Land Improvements Equipment Accumulated Depreciation Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	56
-	Compensated Absences Net Assets of Governmental Activities	(2,376) \$ 357,488

Village of Bear Lake

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

Total	Governmental	Funds		44,731		55,032	29,121	47,040	5,548	181,473		4,142	88,531		70,829		28,290	793	192,585	(11,112)
I	Gove	F		∽						8		∽							€	50
	Library	Fund		ı	ı	ı		2	,	2		ı		ı	ı	1	9,340		9,340	(9,338)
	Ξ.	Ĭ.		∽						∞		S							↔	↔
	Building	Fund		ı	1	ı	ı	486	1	486			629		ı		ı	,	629	(143)
	Bu	ш		\$						↔		∽							↔	↔
Equipment	Replacement	Fund		ŀ	ı	1	ı	30	-	30		•	25	1		1	ı	793	818	(788)
Equ	Repl	I		⇔						8		S							\$	8
	Park	Fund		,	1		29,121	323	1,530	30,974		•	1	ı	1	ı	18,950		18,950	12,024
				∽						8		\$							↔	8
	ocal Street	Fund		ı	1	8,158	1	19	8	8,227		ı	,	ı	24,879			١.	24,879	(16,652)
	Гос			∽						∞		∽							∽	↔
	Major Street	Fund		1	•	17,928		178	i	18,106		,	•	•	27,629	1	,	•	27,629	(9,523)
	Maj			\$						8		∽							∽	8
	General	Fund		44,731	•	28,946	•	45,960	4,011	123,648		4,142	87,877		18,321		ı	-	110,340	13,308
	Ö			∽						↔		↔							∻	€
			REVENUES	Taxes	Licenses and Permits	State Grants	Charges for Services	Interest and Rents	Other Revenue	Total Revenue	EXPENDITURES	Legislative	General Government	Public Safety	Public Works	Planning	Recreation and Culture	Other Functions	Total Expenditures	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Village of Bear Lake

Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

Total Governmental Funds	\$ 17,000	↔	\$ (11,112)	207,254 \$ 196,142
Library Fund	ا ، ا ج	59	\$ (9,338)	9,338
Building Fund	· .	· ·	\$ (143)	\$ 55,053
Equipment Replacement Fund	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,212	4,332 \$ 5,544
Park Fund	· '	·	\$ 12,024	\$ 43,137
Local Street Fund	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ (1,652)	\$ 1,003
Major Street Fund	(15,000)	(2,000) \$ (15,000)	\$ (24,523)	
General	(2,000)	\$ (2,000)	\$ 11,308	\$ 72,922 \$
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing	Sources (Uses) Net Change in	rund Balance Fund Balance - 3/1/04	Fund Balance - 2/28/05 ==

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (11,112)
Amounts reported for governmental activities are	
different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as	
expenditures in the statement of activities. These	
costs are allocated over their estimated useful	
lives as depreciation in the statement of activities.	
Depreciation Expense \$ (5,247)	
Capital Outlay 793	(4,454)
Employee compensated absences are reported on the	
accrual method in the statement of activities, and	
recorded as expenditures when financial resources	
are used in the governmental funds.	
Compensated Absences - Beginning of Year 1,232	
Compensated Absences - End of Year (2,376)	 (1,144)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (16,710)

Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Assets February 28, 2005

Φ
\$ 74,403
1,521
604
76.520
76,532
200.760
398,768
(131,600)
267.162
267,168
\$ 343.700
\$ 343,700
\$ 416
34
728
2,810
\$ 3,988
\$ 3,988
_\$ 3,988
267,168
72,544
\$ 339,712

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Proprietary Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

OPERATING REVENUES:	Water Fund
Charges for Services Wellhead Protection Grant Other Revenue	\$ 37,912 1,750
Total operating revenues	39,662
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Salaries and wages Operating supplies Professional services Equipment Rental Expense Repairs and maintenance Utilities Other services and support Depreciation	175 - 4,939 7,659 5,491 2,938 1,812 6,423
Miscellaneous Expense	575
Total operating expenses	30,012
Operating income (loss)	9,650
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Interest income Royalty Revenue	569 26
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	595
Net income (loss) before operating transfers	10,245
OPERATING TRANSFERS:	
Operating transfers in	
Total operating transfers	-
Net income (loss)	10,245
Net Assets, March 1	329,467
Net Assets, February 28	\$ 339,712

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended February 28, 2005

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONS:	
Net operating income (loss) Add (deduct) items to reconcile net operating income to net cash flows:	\$ 9,650
Depreciation Decrease (increase) in accounts receivables Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Net cash provided (used) from operations	6,423 (1,174) 1 14,900
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
(Increase) decrease in fixed assets	
Net cash provided (used) from financing activities	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Interest Income Royalty Revenue	569
Net cash provided (used) from investing activities	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period	15,495
Cash balance, beginning of the year	58,912
Cash balance, end of the year	\$ 74.407

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

74,407

Village of Bear Lake Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Village of Bear Lake, Manistee County, was organized prior to 1900 and covers approximately 36 square miles with the Village's seat located within the boundaries of the Village. The Village operates under the directorship of a Village board consisting of five members. The Village provides the following services: Public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, refuse collection, public improvements and general administrative services.

Component Units:

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity" certain other governmental organizations are not considered to be part of the Village for financial reporting purposes. The criteria established by the GASB for determining the reporting entity includes oversight responsibility, fiscal dependency, and whether the financial statements would be misleading if the potential component unit data was not included. The Village has determined that no other outside organization meets the above criteria and, therefore, no other entity has been included as a component unit in the Village's financial statements.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

During fiscal year 2005, the Village adopted GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statements No. 37 and No. 38, and applied those standards on a retroactive basis. GASB Statement No. 34 establishes standards for external financial reporting for state and local governments and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following three net asset categories.

Invested in Capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, and contributors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets which do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets are often designated, to indicate that management does not consider them to be available for general operations. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources which are imposed by management, but can be modified or removed.

Village of Bear Lake Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2005

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially responsible.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The fund financial statements are similar to the financial statements presented in the previous financial reporting model.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Village of Bear Lake Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest and special assessments associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessment receivables due within the current period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The accounts of the Village are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Village of Bear Lake reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major Streets Fund is used to account for the maintenance and construction of the Village's major street system.

The Local Streets Fund is used to account for the maintenance and construction of the Village's local street system.

The Park Fund is used to account for the financial activity of the Village's parks and recreation activity.

The Equipment Replacement Fund is used to account for the financial activity of the Village's equipment replacement activity.

The Building Fund is used to account for the financial activity of the Village's building activity.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Village of Bear Lake Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2005

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions involved. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments - The Village's investment policy is in compliance with state law and authorizes the Village to invest in passbook savings accounts, negotiable and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements backed by the United States government or federal agency obligations, United States Treasury bills and bonds, bankers acceptances, federal agency instruments, money market funds and commercial paper. Investments in commercial paper must be rated in one of the two highest rating categories by Standard and Poor's or Moody's and are limited to fifty percent of a funds portfolio in accordance with state statutes.

Investments are stated at fair value which is determined using selected bases. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Managed funds not listed on an established market are reported at fair value as determined by the respective fund managers based on quoted prices of underlying securities.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Village of Bear Lake Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of the date they are levied. Village taxes are levied and due July 1, and become delinquent after August 14. Village property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available for use to finance Village operations. Amounts which are not expected to be collected within sixty days are treated as deferred revenues.

The 2004 taxable valuation of Village of Bear Lake totaled \$5,019,673, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 9.0252 mills for operating purposes.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain resources of the Village are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet when their use is limited.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Village of Bear Lake Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings	50
Infrastructure	50
Land Improvements	20
Machinery and Equipment	5-10
Office Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5-10

6. Compensated Absences

Employees are allowed to accumulate vacation pay and therefore, an accumulated amount has been shown in the financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 16 "Accounting for Compensated Absences."

7. Long-term Obligations

In government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

9. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these

- 1. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the proposed budget for each budgetary fund is submitted to the Village Council for consideration.
- 2. The proposed budgets include expenditures as well as the methods of financing them.
- 3. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4. The budgets are adopted by a majority vote of the Village Council.
- 5. The budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 6. The originally adopted budgets can be amended during the year only by a majority vote
- 7. The adopted budgets are used a management control device during the year for all
- 8. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 9. The budget amounts shown in these financial statements are the originally adopted budgets with all amendments that were approved by the Village Council during the fiscal

B. Major funds with expenditures in excess of appropriations were as follows:

P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, provided that local units shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The Village adopted budgets on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the General and Special Revenue Funds. The approved budgets of the Village were adopted to the activity level. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or amended by the Village Council.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Deposits and Investments

At year end, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits was \$261,657. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$161,657 was uninsured and

Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

B. Receivables

Receivables have been recognized for all significant amounts due to the Village. Allowances for uncollectible accounts have not been provided for in that collection is not considered doubtful and any uncollected amounts would be immaterial.

C. Capital Assets

A summary of proprietary fund type property, plant, and equipment at February 29, 2004 follows:

Land and Improvements Equipment	Water Fund \$ 392,311 6,457	Depreciable <u>Life-Years</u> 10-80 5-40
Total Fixed Assets Accumulated Depreciation Net Fixed Assets	398,768 <u>(131,600)</u> <u>\$ 267,168</u>	
Depreciation expense for the year	\$ 6,423	

Primary government capital asset activity for the year ended February 28, 2005 was as follows:

Nondepreciable capital assets:	Balance <u>2/29/04</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance <u>2/28/05</u>
Land Depreciable capital assets:	122,571	-	-	122,571
Vehicles	43,523	-	-	43,523
Equipment	<u>65,834</u>			65,834
	<u>109,357</u>	-		109,357
Total capital assets	231,928		-	231,928
Accumulated depreciation	(<u>62,959)</u>	(5,247)		(68,206)
Depreciable capital assets, net	46,398	(5,247)		41,151
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	168,969	(5,247)		163,722

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

Total depreciation expense – general governmental activities \$ 5,247

Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The amounts of interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

Water Fund 6	
--------------	--

E. Long-Term Debt

1. Primary Government

The Village had no outstanding debt.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village manages this risk through policies held with external insurance companies.

B. Retirement Benefits

The Village does not maintain a defined contribution plan. An amount is contributed by the Village into an Individual Retirement Account for the only full-time employee on staff. That Individual Retirement Account was established by the employee, not the Village, and covers only that individual.

C. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 1. Taxes are levied on December 1 and are payable through February 28, at which time they are returned delinquent to the Manistee County Treasurer.

The full 2003 levy of the Village's property tax is recognized as revenue of the current period. The uncollected property taxes as of February 28, 2005 are recognized as a current receivable. The Village bills and collects its own property taxes.

Village of Bear Lake Notes to Financial Statements February 28, 2005

Property taxes levied included 9.0252 mill for general operations for the current year. The 2004 taxable value of property located in the Village totaled \$5,019,673. The delinquent real property taxes of Village of Bear Lake are purchased by the County of Manistee. The taxes have been recorded as a revenue for the current year.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Village's deposits at February 28, 2005 are included on the balance sheet under the following classifications:

> **Balance Sheet Classification** Cash and Cash Equivalents \$261,657 \$261,657

Deposits - Bank Total

Deposits:

At February 28, 2005, the book value of the Village's deposits, consisting primarily of demand deposits, was \$261,657. Village deposits are partially insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Of the bank's balance, approximately \$161,657 is uninsured (credit risk Category #1).

The Village believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the Village evaluates the financial institution it deposits funds with and assesses the level or risk with this institution; only institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories. The Village deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

E. Post Employment Benefits

The Village currently does not provide post employment benefits to employees.

F. Total – Memorandum Only

The combined financial statements of fund types and account groups present total columns for the year ended February 28, 2005, which aggregate the columnar statements by fund type and account group. These columns are presented only for comparative purposes and should not be construed as presenting consolidated financial information.

Village of Bear Lake Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2005

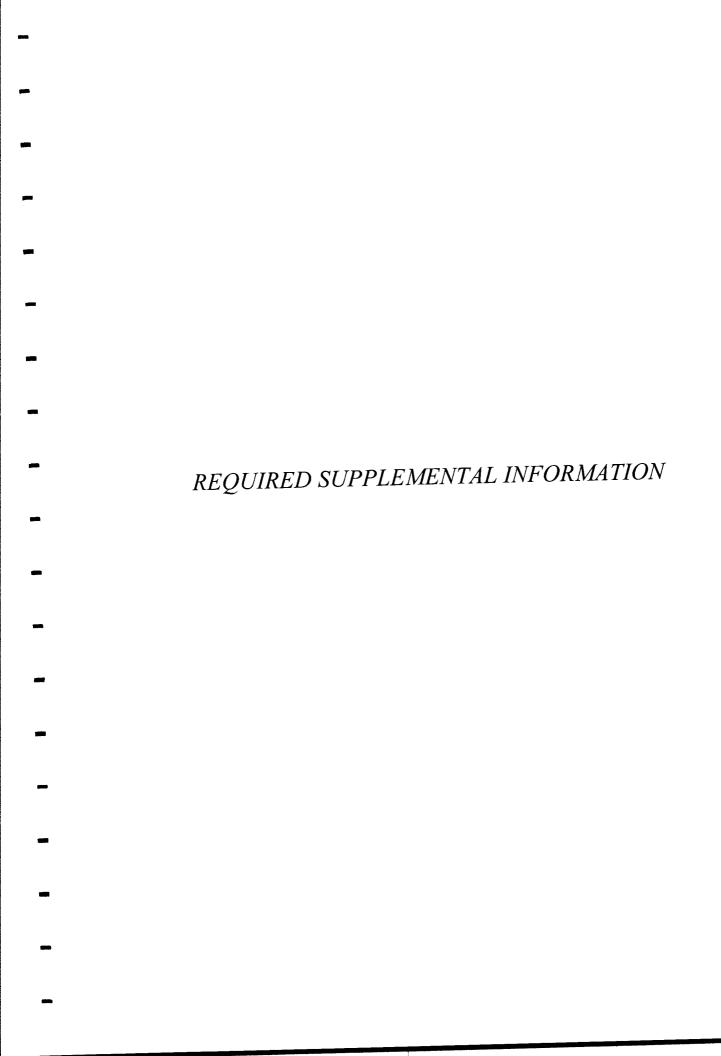
G. Excessive Expenditures over Appropriations for Budgetary Funds

During the year ended February 28, 2005, the Village incurred expenditures in excess of the

<u>Fund</u> General Fund:	Total <u>Appropriations</u>	Amount of Expenditure	Budget <u>Variance</u>
Public Works Special Revenue Funds:	10,000	18,321	8,321
Major Street Fund: Public Works	18,885	27,629	8,744

H. Contingencies

Under the terms of State grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. However, Village management does not believe such disallowances, if any, will be material to the financial position of the Village.



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

D.	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Unde Budget
Revenues:				Duaget
Property Taxes	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 44,731	\$ 4,73
State Revenue Sharing	33,000	33,000	28,946	(4,054
Local Grants	-	-	-	(4,03
Charges for Services	-	-	-	_
Interest	2,130	2,130	200	(1,930
Rental Revenue	1,700	1,700	45,760	44,060
Miscellaneous Revenue	1,320	1,320	4,011	2,691
Total Revenue	78,150	78,150	123,648	45,498
Expenditures:				
Legislative	6,000	6 000	4.4.5	
General Government:	0,000	6,000	4,142	(1,858
Elections	400	400	–	
Clerk	4,500	400	347	(53
Treasurer	4,500	4,500	5,996	1,496
Audit	-,500	4,500	5,183	683
Building and Grounds	75,300	75 200	675	675
Other General Services	3,000	75,300	67,391	(7,909
Public Works	10,000	3,000	8,285	5,285
Culture and Recreation:	10,000	10,000	18,321	8,321
Capital Outlay		-	-	-
Total Expenditures	103,700	103,700	110,340	6.640
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			110,510	6,640
Expenditures	(25,550)	(25.550)	12.200	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(23,330)	(25,550)	13,308	38,858
Operating Transfers In	20.550			
Operating Transfers Out	20,550	20,550	-	(20,550)
	(8,000)	(8,000)	(2,000)	6,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,550	12,550	(2,000)	(14,550)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and			_	
other uses	(13,000)	(13,000)	11,308	24,308
Fund balances, March 1	61,614	61,614	61,614	, <u> </u>
Fund balances, February 28	\$ 48,614	\$ 48,614	\$ 72,922	

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Major Street Fund
For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Over (Under) Budget	
Revenue:	Φ.	10.000	Ф	10.000	•	17.000	•	()
State Shared Revenue Local Grants	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	17,928	\$	(72)
Interest Revenue		500		500		- 178		(322)
microst no rondo		300		300		170		(322)
Total Revenue		18,500		18,500		18,106		(394)
Expenditures:								
Public Works:								
Highways and Streets:		1 000						
Wages		1,000		1,000		1,011		11
Employee Fringes Administration		360 225		360 225		270 100		(90)
Repairs and Maintenance		13,000		13,000		16,830		(125) 3,830
Rentals		4,300		4,300		9,318		5,018
Miscellaneous		-		-		100		100
Capital Outlay				-		-		-
Total Expenditures		18,885		18,885		27,629		8,744
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(385)		(385)		(9,523)		(9,138)
Other financing sources:								
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		(6,000)		(6,000)		(15,000)		- (9,000)
Total other financing sources		(6,000)		(6,000)		(15,000)		(9,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		(6,385)		(6,385)		(24,523)		(18,138)
Fund Balance, March 1		43,006	<u></u>	43,006		43,006		
Fund Balance, February 28	\$	36,621	\$	36,621	\$	18,483	\$	(18,138)

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Street Fund For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Over (Under) Budget		
Revenue:			•				_		
State Shared Revenue	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	8,158	\$	158	
Interest Revenue		30		30		61		31	
Other Revenue		-		-		8		8	
Total Revenue		8,030		8,030		8,227		197	
Expenditures:									
Public Works:									
Highways and Streets:									
Wages		5,500		5,500		1,620		(3,880)	
Employee Fringes		-		-		500		500	
Administration		200		200		192		(8)	
Repairs and Maintenance		3,050		3,050		7,062		4,012	
Rentals		19,000		19,000		15,505		(3,495)	
Total Expenditures		27,750		27,750		24,879		(2,871)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(19,720)		(19,720)		(16,652)		3,068	
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in		20,000		20,000		15,000		(5,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		20,000		20,000		15,000		(5,000)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures		280		280		(1,652)		(1,932)	
Fund Balance, March 1		2,655		2,655		2,655			
Fund Balance, February 28	\$	2,935	\$	2,935	\$	1,003	\$	3,068	

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Park Fund
For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

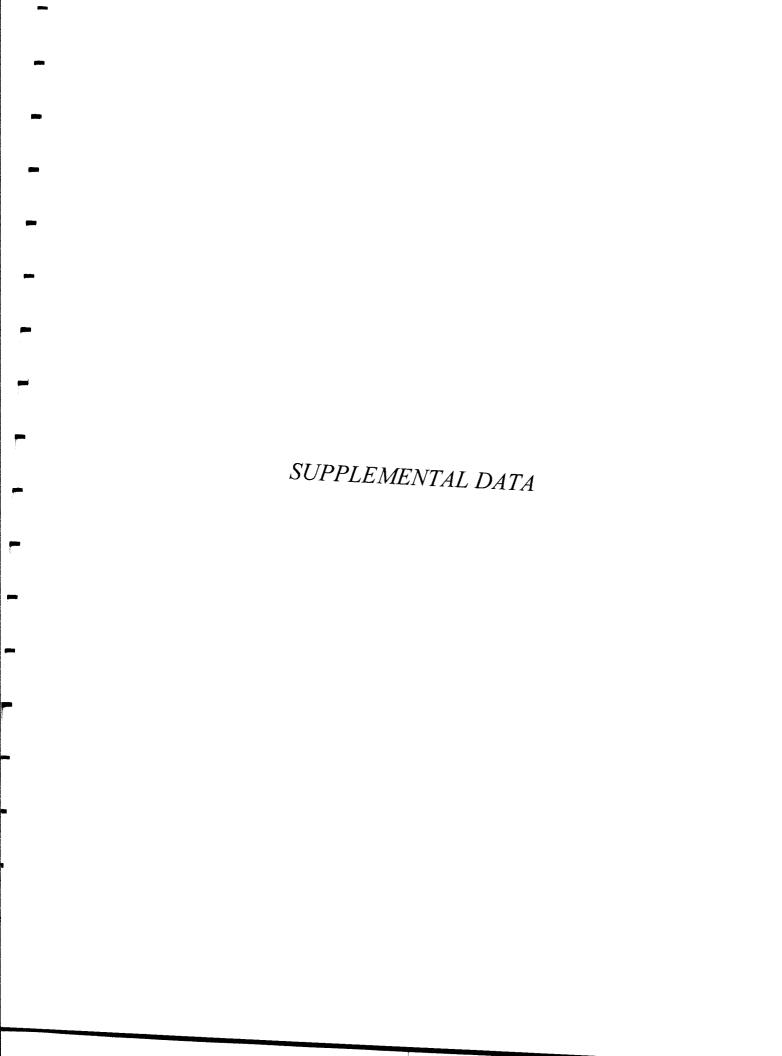
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget	
Revenue:					
Charges for Services:	\$ 27,000	\$ 27,000	\$ 29,121	\$ 2,121	
Park fees	144	144	323	179	
Interest Revenue	385	385	1,530	1,145	
Other Revenue					
Total Revenue	27,529	27,529	30,974	3,445	
Expenditures:					
Culture and Recreation:					
Parks:			4.221	(010)	
Wages	5,250	5,250	4,331	(919)	
Supplies	-	1.550	1,870 704	1,870 (846)	
Professional Services	1,550	1,550	515	(485)	
Garbage Collection	1,000	1,000	37	37	
Telephone	-	-	50	(50)	
Printing and Publishing	100	100		(1,169)	
Utilities	3,300	3,300	2,131	(1,650)	
Repairs and Maintenance	1,650	1,650	8,903	(97)	
Equipment Rental	9,000	9,000 200	100	(100)	
Miscellaneous Expense	200 100	100	309	209	
Refunds	3,000	3,000	50)	(3,000)	
Park Improvements Capital Outlay	3,000		_		
Total Expenditures	25,150	25,150	18,950	(6,200)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,379	2,379	12,024	9,645	
Fund Balance, March 1	31,113	31,113	31,113	-	
Fund Balance, February 28	\$ 33,492	\$ 33,492	\$ 43,137	\$ 9,645	

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Equipment Replacement Fund For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Over (Under) Budget	
Revenue:								
Local Grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest Revenue		20		20		30		10
Total Revenue		20		20		30	···	10
Expenditures:								
General Government:								
Village Hall and Grounds:								
Professional Services		25		25		25		-
Capital Outlay		1,000		1,000		793		(207)
Total Expenditures		1,025		1,025		818	-	(207)
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures		(1,005)		(1,005)		(788)		217
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		2,000		2,000		2,000		-
Operating transfers out	·			-		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,000		2,000		2,000		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing								
uses		995		995		1,212		217
Fund Balance, March 1		4,332		4,332		4,332		
Fund Balance, February 28	\$	5,327	\$	5,327	\$	5,544	\$	217

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Building Fund For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

		Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		Over (Under) Budget		
Revenue:								
Interest Revenue		500		500		486	\$	(14)
Total Revenue		500		500		486		(14)
Expenditures: General Government: Village Hall and Grounds:								
Professional Services		629		629		629		-
Miscellaneous Expenses		-				-	.	
Total Expenditures		629		629		629		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(129)		(129)		(143)		(14)
Other financing sources:								
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources				<u>-</u>		-		
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over								
expenditures		(129)		(129)		(143)		(14)
Fund Balance, March 1		55,196		55,196		55,196		
Fund Balance, February 28	\$	55,067	\$	55,067	\$	55,053	\$	(14)



Manistee County, Michigan General Fund

Statement of Revenues and Other Financing Sources For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

REVENUES:

Current Taxes:	
Property taxes	\$ 44,731
Administration fees	-
	44,731
State Grants:	
Liquor license fees	-
Sales tax	 28,946
	28,946
Interest and Rent:	
Interest	200
Rent	 45,760
	45,960
Other Revenue:	
Refunds/reimbursements	1,610
Contributions	293
Other/miscellaneous	 2,108
	4,011
Total revenues	123,648
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:	
Transfers from other funds	-
Total other financing sources	-
-	
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 123,648

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Manistee County, Michigan General Fund

Statement of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

EXPENDITURES:

Legislative:	
Board/Council/Legislative:	
Personal services	\$ 3,665
Supplies	-
Other services and support	477_
	4,142
General Government:	
Elections:	
Personal services	296
Supplies	51
Other services and support	
	347
Clerk:	
Personal services	5,040
Supplies	166
Other services and support	790
	5,996_
Treasurer:	
Personal services	3,950
Supplies	1,159
Other services and support	74_
	5,183
Audit:	
Other services and support	675
	675
Building and Grounds:	
Personal services	48,569
Supplies	1,051
Other services and support	17,771
	67,391
Other General Services:	
Other services and support	8,285
	8,285

Manistee County, Michigan General Fund

Statement of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses,

continued

For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

EXPENDITURES, continued:

Public Works:

Sidewalks and Trees	
Sidewalk Repairs	1,900
Trees	7,553
	9,453
Street Lights:	
Other services and support	3,495
Office services and support	3,495
Sanitation/Refuse Collection:	
Other services and support	5,373
	5,373
Capital Outlay:	
Capital Improvements	
	-
OTHER FINANCING USES:	
Transfers to other funds	2,000
	2,000
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 112,340

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Manistee County, Michigan Combining Balance Sheet - All Special Revenue Funds As of February 28, 2005

	Major Street Fund		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Due from other governmental entities Total Assets	\$ 32,786 - - - 32,786	\$ 11,976 4,969 16,945	\$ 45,356 - - 45,356
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities	-	- -	<u>-</u>
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to other funds Total Liabilities	14,303	15.042	2,219
Fund Balances:	18,48 18,48 \$ 32,78	1,00	3 43,137

Equipment Replacement Fund		B	Building Fund		Library Fund		Total		
\$	5,544	\$	55,657	\$	- -	\$	151,319 4,969 -		
	5,544		55,657		_		156,288		
	- - -		- - 604		- - -		33,068		
	<u>-</u>		604		_		33,068		
	5,544 5,544		55,053 55,053				123,220 123,220		
\$	5,544	\$	55,657	\$	_	\$	156,288		

Manistee County, Michigan

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - All Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

	-	jor Street Fund	Lo	cal Street Fund	Pa	Park Fund	
Revenues:							
State revenue sharing	\$	17,928	\$	8,158	\$	-	
Local Grants		-		-		-	
Charges for services		-		-		29,121	
Interest		178		61		323	
Miscellaneous		-		8		1,530	
Total Revenues		18,106	****	8,227		30,974	
Expenditures:							
General government:							
Village hall and grounds		-		-		-	
Public works:							
Highways and streets		27,629		24,879		-	
Culture and recreation:							
Parks		-		-		18,950	
Library		-		-		-	
Capital outlay				-		-	
Total Expenditures		27,629		24,879		18,950	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	(9,523)		(16,652)		12,024	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in		_		15,000		_	
Operating transfers out		(15,000)		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(15,000)		15,000		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources							
over expenditures and other uses		(24,523)		(1,652)		12,024	
Fund balances, beginning of the year		43,006		2,655		31,113	
Fund balances, end of the year	\$	18,483	\$	1,003	\$	43,137	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	Equipment Replacement Fund		Building Fund		Library Fund		Total		
\$	-	\$	_	\$	\$ -		26,086		
	-		-	-	-	\$	-		
	-		-		-		29,121		
	30		486		2		1,080		
							1,538		
	30	-	486		2		57,825		
	25		629		-		654		
			-		-		52,508		
	-		-		-		18,950		
	-		-		9,340		9,340		
	793				-		793		
	818		629		9,340		82,245		
	(788)		(143)		(9,338)		(24,420)		
	2,000		_		_		17,000		
	-		-				(15,000)		
	2,000		-		-		2,000		
	1,212		(143)		(9,338)		(22,420)		
	4,332		55,196		9,338		145,640		
\$	5,544	\$:	55,053	\$	_	\$	123,220		

Dale L. Stanton

Certified Public Accountant

Management Letter

To the Village Council Village of Bear Lake Bear Lake, MI

I have completed my audit of the financial statements of the Village of Bear Lake for the year ended February 28, 2005, and have issued my report thereon dated June 5, 2005. As part of my examination, I made a study and evaluation of the Village's system of internal accounting control to the extent I considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by generally accepted auditing standards. The purpose of my study and evaluation was to determine the nature, timing, and extent of the auditing procedures necessary for expressing an opinion on the Village's financial statements. My study and evaluation was more limited than would be necessary to express an opinion on the system of internal accounting control taken as a whole.

The Village's administration is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by the administration are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of control procedures. The objectives of a system are to provide the administration with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with the administration's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Because of inherent limitations in any system of internal accounting control, errors or irregularities may, nevertheless, occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

My study and evaluation was made for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph would not necessarily disclose all material weaknesses in the system. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the system of internal accounting control of the Village of Bear Lake taken as a whole.



Village of Bear Lake June 5, 2005 Page 2

The following comments and recommendations are submitted to assist in improving procedures and controls. I would be pleased to discuss these suggestions or to respond to any questions at your convenience.

Equipment Rental Rates

It was noted that the Village did not utilize the equipment rental rates presented in the Michigan Department of Transportation Equipment Rental Rates (Schedule C) for the entire year. Act 51 requires internal service – equipment rental charges, be based on the State's Schedule C rates. It is recommended that the Village submit their rental rates to the State for approval prior to incurring any charges with the Major or Local Street Funds.

Interim Financial Reporting

As described in the *Uniform Accounting Procedures Manual* for Counties and Local Units of Government in Michigan, legislative bodies must be provided periodic financial reports. The required periodic reports and suggested frequency should include the following:

- Summary report of cash activity by fund (monthly)
- Summary report of cash activity by bank account, certificate of deposit and investment account (monthly)
- Balance sheet by fund (monthly)
- Detail revenue by fund budget to actual (monthly)
- Detail expenditures by fund budget to actual (monthly)
- List of bills to be approved for payment (each meeting)
- Separate list of bills paid prior to approval pursuant to a council approved policy (each meeting)

My inquires indicated that all of these reports are not routinely presented to the Council for review. I therefore recommend that the above reports be prepared to assist the Council with its oversight responsibility. State law requires a budget for general and special revenue funds. Expenditures within these funds cannot exceed the budget.

General Accounting

The Village utilizes a software program for internal accounting that does not force balanced transactions within funds. The Michigan Department of Treasury's Uniform Accounting Procedures Manual states the each fund consists of a self-balancing group of accounts and constitutes a general ledger in itself. There were several transactions noted that were unbalanced during the course of the fiscal year. It is recommended that the Village closely monitor its postings to general ledger accounts to ensure that transactions are balanced.

Village of Bear Lake June 5, 2005 Page 3

Act 51 Revenue Transfer

Act 51 rules require that a maximum of 25% can be transferred from the Local Street Fund to the Major Street Fund. During the course of the year, the Local Street Fund accidentally paid equipment rental charges that were incurred by the Major Street Fund. I recommend that the Major Street Fund immediately reimburse the Local Street Fund for any expenditures accidentally paid, and that the Council closely monitor the expenditures in these funds to ensure that expenses are classified properly.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village Council, management, and the State of Michigan, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

I would like to thank the Village staff for their assistance during the course of my audit. Again, if the Council would like to discuss any matters discussed in this letter, or would like assistance implementing any of my suggestions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Regards,

Dale L. Stanton

Certified Public Accountant

June 5, 2005